Key Events / Associative Events	Die	Dietary Dose Levels (ppm) of Phenobarbital and Effects – Male C57BL/10J Mice <sup>a</sup>				
Feeding Level (ppm in diet) <sup>a</sup>	100	200	400	700	1000	
(= mg/kg/day) ª	(11)	(22)	(44)	(78)	(113)	
AE2 - Hepatocyte hypertrophy (Day 29) <sup>c</sup>	-	+	+	+	+	
AE3 – Relative Liver wt. (Day 29) <sup>a</sup>	-	+ (1.2)	+ (1.3)	+ (1.3)	+ (1.6)	
KE2:increased cell proliferation (Day 3 (Day 3 (Day 19 (Day 29)	3) - 3) - 5) - 9) -		- - -	- + (11.3) - -	+ (6.8) + (8.9) +(3.6) -	
KE3: clonal expansion, increased altered foci (99 weeks) – eosinophilic, clear cell. <sup>a</sup>	ND	-	ND	ND	+	
AO: Liver adenomas, carcinomas (99 weeks) <sup>a</sup>	ND	-	ND	ND	+	
Additional Data – C57BL/6J strain <sup>b</sup> MIE: CAR Activation (Immediate – Day 4) <sup>b</sup>				(80 mg/kg/day)		
via KE1: Altered gene expressions secondary to CAR activation (Day Cyp2b)	n  -) 0 ND	ND	ND	+ (100)	ND	
Kit	7 ND	ND	ND	+ (6.2)	ND	
Tsc2	2 ND	ND	ND	+ (-1.9)	ND	
via AE1 – PROD activity (Day 4)	ND	ND	ND	+ (240)	ND	

## Table 3. Phenobarbital Dose-Response and Time Concordance – Male C57BL/10J Mice

Legend (comparative effects vs. untreated controls):

+ Positive; - Negative;  $\pm$  Equivocal. ND Not determined. Values in parentheses are fold-change vs. controls.

<sup>a</sup>Unless otherwise indicated, data are from a short-term study (3, 8, 15 and 29 days) or a 99-week dietary study (200 and 1000 ppm in diet) in C57BL/10J male mice treated with PB (Jones et al., 2009). Achieved dose levels (mg/kg/day) were stated in the manuscript for 99-week treatment groups (200 and 1000 ppm), and were estimated for other groups (100, 400, 700 ppm) based on the average dose level ratio ([ppm]/[mg/kg/day] = 9) for 200 and 1000 ppm groups.

<sup>b</sup>Study in C57BL/6J wild type mice treated with PB (80 mg/kg/day PB, ip x 4 days, in Ross et al., 2010). The C57BL/6J and C57BL/10J mice are closely related genetically (Doran, 2016)

<sup>c</sup>In Jones et al. (2009), liver enlargement and centrilobular hepatocyte hypertrophy were observed at 200 – 1000 ppm in diet from Days 3 – 29, but the actual incidence data were not reported.